BILL LOCKYER Attorney General



FAX TRANSMISSION COVER SHEET

IMPORTANT/CONFIDENTIAL: This communication is intended only for the use of the individual or entity to which it is addressed. This message contains information from the State of California, Attorney General's Office, which may be privileged, confidential, and exempt from disclosure under applicable law. If the reader of this communication is not the intended recipient, you are hereby notified that any dissemination, distribution, or copying of this communication is strictly prohibited.

DATE: A	oril 21, 2005 TIME:	NO. OF PAGES: (INCLUDING COVER SHEET)	17
NAME: OFFICE: LOCATION: FAX NO:	W. Gordon Kanpp 415-285-8092 PHONE NO:	-	
FROM:			
NAME:	Zackery P. Morazzini, Deputy Attorney Ge	eneral	
OFFICE:			
LOCATION:	Sacramento		
FAX NO:	(916) 324-5567 PHONE NO:	(916) 445-8226	
	MESSAGE/INSTRUCTIONS		

Re: Lundberg v. Humbolt County - USDC ND C-97-3989 SI

Notice of motion and motion to quash subpoena served on Congressman Dan Lungren.

PLEASE DELIVER AS SOON AS POSSIBLE!
FOR ASSISTANCE WITH THIS FAX, PLEASE CALL THE SENDER

	·				
1	BILL LOCKYER, Attorney General of the State of California				
2	LOUIS R. MAURO,				
3	Senior Assistant Attorney General CHRISTOPHER E. KRUEGER,				
4	Deputy Attorney General 1300 I Street, Suite 125 P.O. Box 944255 Sacramento, California 94244-2550				
5					
6					
7	Telephone: (916) 445-8226 Facsimile: (916) 324-5567				
8	Attorneys for Non-Party Witness				
9	Congressman DAN LÜNGREN				
10	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT				
11					
12	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA				
13	LUNDBERG, et al) No. C-97-3989-SI)			
14	Plaintiffs,) NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION) FOR PROTECTIVE ORDER AND			
15	V.	ORDER QUASHING SUBPOENA			
16	HUMBOLT COUNTY, et al.) Date: April 25, 2004) Time: 1:30 p.m.			
17	Defendants.) Courtroom No. 10) Hon. Susan Illston, Judge			
18					
19					
20	NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION				
21	TO ALL PARTIES AND THEIR ATTORNEYS OF RECORD, please take notice that on				
22	April 25, 2005, at 1:30 p.m., or as soon thereafter as the matter may be heard in courtroom 10 of				
23	the above-captioned Court, located at 450 Golden Gate Avenue, San Francisco, California, non-				
24	party witness Congressman Dan Lungren, will and hereby does move this Court, pursuant to Rule				
25	45 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, for a protective order and an order quashing the				
26	subpoena served upon Mr. Lungren on April 20, 2005. On April 21, 2005, between				
27	approximately 3:15 and 3:30 p.m., I contacted counsel for all parties in this matter and gave them				
-	notice of this pending motion, and informing each that responding papers, if any there are, must				
	Motion το Quash Subpoena C-97-3989-\$Ι	· 1.			

be filed with the Court and delivered to the Judge's chambers by no later than 5:00p.m., Friday,
April 22, 2005, by leaving messages either by voice mail or with staff concerning this motion.
This motion is based upon this notice of motion and motion, the points and authorities submitted
in support thereof, the declaration of Erin Donnett, the files and records in this matter, the oral
argument to be presented to the Court, and such other and further matters as may be relevant to
this motion.
This motion is made on the grounds that, (1) Mr. Lungren, in his capacity as a United
States Congressman as well as in his former capacity as Attorney General of the State of
California, is not properly subject to this subpoena as Plaintiff's counsel has failed to demonstrate
the existence of exceptional circumstances necessary to overcome the general rule that high
ranking government officials are not subject to witness subpoenas; (2) the subpoena is invalid
because witness fees were not tendered simultaneously with the subpoena as mandated by Rule
45(b)(1); (3) the subpoena was not personally served upon Mr. Lungren as mandated by Rule
45(b)(1); and (4) the subpoena was not served within a reasonable time for Mr. Lungren to
respond as mandated by Rule 45(c)(3)(A)(i).

Respectfully submitted,

BILL LOCKYER Attorney General of the State of California LOUIS MAURO Senior Assistant Attorney General CHRISTOPHER E. KRUEGER

Supervising Deputy Attorney General

ZACKERY P. MORAZZINI Deputy Attorney General Attorneys for Non-Party Witness Congressman DAN LUNGREN

1

04/21/2005 18:36 FAX 916 322 4483

2

3

4 5

6 7

8 9

10

11

12 13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

///

///

25

26 27

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I.

INTRODUCTION

On April 20, 2005, an individual delivered the witness subpoena at issue to the Gold River, California office of Congressman Dan Lungren by leaving said subpoena with the receptionist, Erin Donnett. No witness fees were tendered with the subpoena. This substitute service occurred only three Court days prior to the date for the demanded appearance of April 25, 2005.

The Declaration of Plaintiff's Attorney W. Gordon Kaupp, served with the subpoena, indicates that Mr. Lungren's appearance is necessary because a letter, allegedly sent from Mr. Lungren, in his former capacity as the Attorney General of California and former ex-officio member of the state Commission on Peace Officers Standards and Training, to State Senator Mike Thompson, dated November 17, 1997, which he would apparently like to present at trial "is excluded as hearsay." This is the sole justification for the issuance of this eleventh hour subpoena to a United States Congressman provided by Plaintiff's counsel.

Plaintiff's counsel's justification cannot overcome the general rule prohibiting the involuntary examination of high ranking government officials absent extraordinary circumstances. Moreover, the subpoena is invalid because Plaintiff's counsel failed to tender witness fees to Mr. Lungren simultaneously with the tendering of the subpoena, and failed to personally serve Mr. Lungren with the subpoena, and failed to serve the subpoena within a reasonable time to allow Mr. Lungren to comply. Therefore, Mr. Lungren respectfully requests that this Court issue a protective order preventing the compelled testimony of Mr. Lungren, and further issue an order quashing the subpoena.

¹A true and correct copy of the subpoena and declaration are attached hereto as Exhibit Α.

04/21/2005 18:36 FAX 916 322 4483

2

3 4

5 6

7 8

10 11

9

12 13

14

15 16

17

18 19

20

21 22

23

24 25

26

27

II.

ARGUMENT

The Subpoena is Invalid for Failing to Include Witness Fees. Α.

Rule 45(b)(1) specifically mandates that witness fees be tendered with the service of a subpoena: "Service of a subpoena upon a person named therein shall be made by delivering a copy thereof to such person and, if the person's attendance is commanded, by tendering to that person the fees for one day's attendance and the mileage allowed by law." It is established in the Ninth Circuit that failure to comply with this provision renders the subpoena invalid. "Therefore, we hold the plain meaning of Rule $45(c)^2$ requires simultaneous tendering of witness fees and the reasonably estimated milage allowed by law with service of the subpoena." CF & I Steel Corp. v. Mitsui & Co., Inc., 713 F.2d 494, 496 (9th Cir. 1985). Failure to tender the required fees renders the subpoena invalid. Ibid.; see also Tedder v. Odel, 890 F.2d 210, 211-12 [in forma pauperis status does not exempt party from requirement that witness fees be tendered with subpoena].

In the instant case, Plaintiff's counsel failed to tender witness fees with the subpoena. (See Dec. Erin Donnett, filed concurrently herewith.3) Therefore, the subpoena is invalid and Mr. Lungren respectfully requests that this Court grant this motion to quash the subpoena.

The Subpoena is Invalid Because it Was Not Personally Served. В.

Although the Ninth Circuit does not appear to have addressed the issue, other federal courts have held that the plain language of Rule 45(b)(1) requires that a subpoena be personally served on the recipient, and substitute service is not sufficient. This view is also adopted by the California Practice Guide, Federal Civil Procedure Before Trial: "No substitute service: In any event, the FRCP 4(e)(2) substituted service provisions (leaving copy of complaint at dwelling or serving authorized agent) do not apply to subpoenas . . . because Rule 45(a) requires delivery 'to

² Since renumbered to subdivision (b) in substantially the same language.

³A signed copy of the declaration of Erin Donnett will be faxed to the Court on April 22, 2005, as a signature cannot not be obtained before then.

the person' being served." California Practice Guide: Federal Civil Procedure Before Trial, Ch. 11, Part IV, sec. F [emphasis in original]; citing *Doe v. Hersemann*, 155 FRD 630, 630 (N.D. Ind. 1994); see also F. T. C. v. Compagnie De Saint-Gobain-Pont-a-Mousson, 636 F.2d 1300, 1312-13 (D.C. Cir. 1980) (in dicta) ["By contrast, Federal Rule 45(c), governing subpoena service, does not permit any form of mail service, nor does it allow service of the subpoena merely by delivery to a witness' dwelling place."]

Other federal courts have also adopted such a service requirement. "Both the Moore and the Wright & Miller treatises state, without elaboration, that Rule 45 requires a subpoena to be served by personally delivering a copy to the person named therein. Neither commentator discusses alternative means of service. ... Nowhere in Rule 45 is the Court given discretion to permit alternate service in troublesome cases. . . . [T]he Court has no discretion to permit alternative service when a party has difficulty effecting service." *In re Smith*, 126 F.R.D. 461, 462 (E.D. N.Y. 1989).

In the instant case, the subpoena was served by an individual who left a copy of the subpoena at Congressman Lungren's office with his assistant Erin Donnett. (See Dec. Erin Donnett, filed concurrently herewith.) Personal service was not affected. Because the subpoena was not properly served, it is invalid. Therefore, Mr. Lungren respectfully requests that this Court grant this motion to quash the subpoena.

C. Because the Subpoena Was Served A Mere Three Court Days Prior to the Commanded Appearance and Thus Fails to Allow Reasonable Time for Compliance, This Motion Should Be Granted.

Rule 45(c)(3)(A) provides, "On timely motion, the court by which a subpoena was issued shall quash or modify the subpoena if it (i) fails to allow reasonable time for compliance." In the instant case, Plaintiff's counsel served the subpoena on Wednesday, April 20, 2005, which commands Mr. Lungren's personal appearance to testify on Monday, April 25, 2005. Mr. Lungren is a United States Congressman whose work imposes innumerable time constraints and duties to the public he serves, and often requires out-of-state travel. Under such circumstances, service of the subpoena a mere three court days prior to the demanded appearance does not allow

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

Mr. Lungren a reasonable time to comply therewith. Therefore, Mr. Lungren respectfully requests that this Court grant this motion to quash the subpoena.

D. Because Extraordinary Circumstances Have Not Been Presented Justifying the Involuntary Testimony of Mr. Lungren, This Motion Should Be Granted.

As set forth by the United States Supreme Court, it is the general rule that top government officials should not, absent extraordinary circumstances, be called to give testimony. United States v. Morgan, 313 U.S. 409, 422 (1941); accord Detoy v. City and County of San Francisco, 196 F.R.D. 362, 369 (N.D. Cal. 2000); Simplex Time Recorder Co. v. Secretary of Labor, 766 F.2d 575, 586 (D.C. Cir. 1985); Kyle Engineering Co. v. Kleppe, 600 F.2d 226, 231 (9th Cir. 1979); Federal Deposit Ins. Corp. v. 11,950 Acres, More or Less, Located in Cameron County, Texas, 58 F.3d 1055, 1060 (5th Cir. 1995). As the Northern District Court itself has recognized in explaining the general rule, "Because '[h]igh ranking governmental officials have greater duties and time constraints than other witnesses . . . [they] should not, absent extraordinary circumstances, be called to testify regarding their reasons for taking official actions.' If other persons can provide the information sought, discovery will not be permitted against such an official. . . . Extraordinary circumstances must exist before the involuntary deposition of high government officials are permitted." Detoy, supra, 196 F.R.D. at 369 [internal citations omitted]. In ruling on a motion to quash such a subpoena, the court must consider the high-ranking status of the official, the potential burden to be imposed upon them, and the substantive reasons for taking the testimony. See Federal Deposit Ins. Corp., supra, 58 F.3d at 1060. "The reason for requiring exigency before allowing the testimony of high officials is obvious. High ranking government officials have greater duties and time constraints than other witnesses." In re United States, 985 F.2d 510, 512 (11th Cir.) [per curiam].

Even where permitted, a top government official can be called to testify only upon a showing that the information to be gained from such testimony is not available through any other source. Church of Scientology v. I.R.S, 138 F.R.D. 9, 12 (D. Mass. 1990) [citing authority]. This rule is the same in California state courts. See generally, Westly v. Superior Court,

125 Cal. App. 4th 907, 910-12 (2004) [California Attorney General not subject to deposition absent compelling reasons]; Nagle v. Superior Court, 28 Cal. App. 4th 1465, 1467-68 (1994) [absent "compelling reasons," it is "contrary to the public interest" to subject high ranking government officials to depositions]; California State Board of Pharmacy v. Superior Court, 78 Cal. App. 3d 641, 645-46 (1978) ["It is patently in the public interest that [top governmental officials] be not unnecessarily hampered or distracted in the important duties cast upon [them] by law."].

In the instant case, Plaintiff's counsel has fallen well short of establishing that "exceptional circumstances" exist to compel the testimony of Congressman Lungren, a high ranking governmental official. Plaintiff's counsel's sole justification appears to be that a document he wishes to introduce at trial has been excluded as hearsay. Such is not an exceptional circumstance.

Plaintiff's counsel appears to seek testimony from Mr. Lungren regarding statements allegedly made in correspondence allegedly written eight years ago. And even as to the correspondence at issue, Plaintiff's counsel has not shown that the information to be obtained through the testimony is not available through any other source. *Church of Scientology, supra*, 138 F.R.D. at 12. Indeed, the correspondence itself discloses that the information sought would likely be available through other sources: the person most knowledgeable at the Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training, and other law enforcement agencies. The passage quoted by Plaintiff's counsel states, "As to the acceptance of this practice within the California Law enforcement community, I could find no other examples where *other agencies* had applied OC at a range closer than three feet. ... *POST* is unaware of any agencies who applied OC in a manner similar to the Humbolt County incident . . . " This statement goes to the practices of *other agencies* and the knowledge of *POST*. Testimony regarding the practices of other agencies must be sought from those agencies, not from the former Attorney General. Nothing in the correspondence represents information solely within the personal knowledge of the former Attorney General.

1 Moreover, Plaintiff's counsel fails to allege that he has attempted to obtain the desired 2 information from other, less burdensome sources than the former Attorney General. Church of 3 Scientology, supra, 138 F.R.D. at 12. Again, "If other persons can provide the information 4 sought, discovery will not be permitted against such an official." Detoy, supra, 196 F.R.D. at 369 [internal citations omitted]. Plaintiff's counsel has not, as indeed he cannot, demonstrate that the 5 6 information sought is solely within the personal knowledge of the former Attorney General - the 7 information appears to pertain to standard acceptable practices of law enforcement agencies, not 8 the former Attorney General himself. Absent such a showing by Plaintiff's counsel, it would be 9 against public policy to allow Plaintiff's counsel to interrupt the important business of a United 10 States Congressman by calling him as a witness in this case. Therefore, Mr. Lungren respectfully 11 requests that this Court grant this motion to quash the subpoena. 12 /// /// 13 14 /// 15 /// 16 /// 17 /// 18 /// 19 /// 20 /// 21 /// 22 /// 23 /// 24 /// 25 ///

27 | III.

Motion to Quash Subpoena C-97-3989-SI

26

///

2

3

4 5

6 7

9

8

10

Date: April 21, 2005

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23 24

25

26

27

CONCLUSION

For the reasons set forth above, the subpoena served on Congressman Lungren is fatally defective and invalid. Moreover, Plaintiff's counsel cannot demonstrate the exceptional circumstances that are required to order the appearance of a high government official to testify in court. Nor can Plaintiff's counsel demonstrate that the information sought could not be obtained through less intrusive means and through other sources. Therefore, this Court should issue an order quashing the subpoena to Congressman Lungren and enter a protective order prohibiting Plaintiff's counsel from serving any further subpoenas on the Congressman.

Respectfully submitted,

BILL LOCKYER

Attorney General of the State of California

LOUIS MAURO

Senior Assistant Attorney General

CHRISTOPHER E. KRUEGER

Supervising Deputy Attorney General

ZACKERY P. MORAZZINI

Deputy Attorney General

Attorneys for Non-Party Witness Congressman DAN LUNGREN

DECLARATION OF SERVICE BY FACSIMILE

1	Case Name:	Lundhers v. County of Hur	nhalt et al	,		
2						
3	Case No.: USDC Northern District, San Francisco Div. C-97-3989 SI					
4						
5						
6	older and not a party to this matter. I am familiar with the business practice at the Office of the					
7	States Postal Service. In accordance with that practice, correspondence placed in the internal mail			l		
8	Service that sa	ame day in the ordinary cours	se of busin	ess.	THE STATE OF THE S	
9	On April 21, 2 and Order O	2005, I served the attached N	otice of M	lotion and Motic	on for a Protective Order	
10	the Attorney General at 1300 I Street, P.O. Box 944255, Sacramento, California, 94244-2550					
11	W Cordon	Vanna				
12	W. Gordon (415) 285-80 Counsel for	92	(Nancy Delaney 707) 444-9586 Counsel for Defe	ant chart	
13	J. Tony Seri			William Brag	South	
14	(415)421-133 Counsel for	31	(707)443-2747 Counsel for Defe	endant	
15	William M.		Ì	JOHNSON TOT ISCH		
16	(510)444-17(Counsel for	04 -				1
17	I declare under	penalty of perjury under the	aws of the	ne State of Califo	rnia the foregoing is true	
18	I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California the foregoing is true and correct and that this declaration was executed on April 21, 2005, at Sacramento, California.					
19				•	•	l
20	Za	ackery P. Morazzini				
21		Declarant		====	Signature	
22						
23						
24	N.					
25						
26			ı			
27						
				· ·		

Motion to Quash Subpoena C-97-3989-SI

10.

EXHIBIT A

Apr-21-2005 09:00am From-CONGRESSMAN DAN LUNGREN

+9168599976

T-196 P.002

F-193

%AOSS (Rev. 1/94) Subports in a Civil Case	·
Issued by the	
United States Distri	ICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CA	LIFORNIA
LUNDBERG et al.	
v.	JBPOENA IN A CIVIL CASE
HUMBOLDT COUNTY at al.,	ase Number: 1 C-97-3989-SI
TO: DANIEL LUNGREN 11246 Gold Express Drive, Suite 101 Gold River, CA 95670 Phone (916) 859-9906 ✓ YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear in the United States District testify in the above case.	court at the place, date, and time specified below
PLACE OF TESTIMONY	COURTROOM
United States District Court - Northern District of California 450 Golden Gate Ave.	19th Fir, Courtroom 10
San Francisco, CA 94102	DATE AND TIME 4/25/05 at 8:30am
☐ YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear at the place, date, and time spe in the above case.	cified below to testify at the taking of a deposition
PLACE OF DEPOSITION	DATE AND TIME
YOU ARE COMMANDED to produce and permit inspection and coplace, date, and time specified below (list documents or objects):	pying of the following documents or objects at the
PLACE	DATE AND TIME
☐ YOU ARE COMMANDED to permit inspection of the following p	remises at the date and time specified below.
PREMISES	DATE AND TIME
Any organization not a party to this suit that is subpossed for the taking of directors, or managing agents, or other persons who consent to ustify on its behind matters on which the person will ustify. Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, 30(b)	alf, and may set forth, for each person designated, the
ISSUING OFFICER OFFICER AND THE INDICATE IP ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFF	OR DEFENDANT) DATE
Attorney for Plaintiffs	4/20/05
USUINGOFFICER'S NAME, ADDRESS AND HONENUMBER W. Gordon Kaupp 115 1/2 Bartlet St., San Prancisco, CA (415) 285-8091	,
(See Rule 45, Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Pares C	È D au sout paga)

¹ If socion is pending in district other than district of issuance, state district under case number.

+9168599976

T-195 P.036/042 F-193

1	J. TONY SERRA (#32639) 506 Broadway		
2	San Francisco, CA 94133		
3	415-986-5591; fax: 421-1331		
4	DENNIS CUNNINGHAM (#112910) ROBERT BLOOM		
5	BEN ROSENFELD (#203845)		
6	3163 Mission Street San Francisco, CA 94110	·	
7	415-285-8091 / fax: 285-8092		
8	WILLIAM M. SIMPICH (#106672) 1736 Franklin Street		
9	Oakland, CA 94612		
10	510-444-0226 / fax: 444-1704		
11	Attorneys for Plaintiffs		
12	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
13	NORTHERN DISTRICT	OF CALIFORNIA	
14	LUNDBERG et al,	Case No. C-97-3989 VRW	
15	Plaintiffs,	Case No. C-97-3989 VRW	
16	vs.	DECLARATION OF PLAINTIFFS' ATTORNEY W. GORDON KAUPP	
17	,	The state of the s	
	COUNTY OF HUMBOLDT, et al.,		
18	Defendants.		
19		J	
20	I W CORPONIVALIBB beaterful		
21	I, W. GORDON KAUPP, hereby declare that:		
22	1. I am duly licensed to practice law. I am employ	yed in the Law Offices of Dennis	
23	Cunningham.	•	
24	2. This declaration is stated on information and belief unless specified otherwise.		
25	3. On April 19 during the proceedings of the above-captioned trial, defendants unexpectedly		
26	made representations before the jury implying that the former Attorney General of California,		
27	Daniel Lungren, as an ex-officio member of the state Commission on Peace Officer Standards		
- 1	and Training (P.O.S.T.) would have been involved in		
8		-	

F-193

04/21/2005 18:38 FAX 916 322 4483

1	regarding the use of chemical agents in civil disobedience situations promulgated by P.O.S.T. in
2	1998.
3	4. Defendants have asserted (over Plaintiffs strong, continuing objection) that Guideline #10
4	authorizes the use of chemical agents, including pepper spray on non-violent, passive protestors.
5	Such use is the central issue in the trial of this case.
6	5. Defendants have entered the 1998 P.O.S.T. Guidelines in order to demonstrate that this use
7	of pepper spray was a generally accepted practice despite the fact that the applications of pepper
. 8	spray in these instances were unique.
9	6. Plaintiffs seek to challenge the notion that this use of pepper spray was acceptable or
10	accepted in the law enforcement community at the time by introducing a letter from Dan
11	Lungren to State Senator Mike Thompson, dated November 17, 1997 (attached as Exhibit B). In
12	this letter, Lungren noted the following:
13 14	"As to the acceptance of this practice within the California law enforcement community. I could find no other examples where other agencies had applied OC at a range closer
15	than three feet. The direct swabbing of OC into the eyes of an individual is neither supported nor directly addressed by the training
16	"POST is unaware of any agencies who applied OC in a manner similar to the Humboldt
17	County incident Most agencies either do not apply OC in training or apply OC by spraying it into the face of a trainee at a distance of more than three feet
18	"My staff attempted to identify similar applications of OC in other states to no avail.
19	Clearly, both swabbing of OC onto the eyes of an individual and the close spraying of OC are very unusual applications of OC and are not accepted police community
20	practices." (Emphases added.)
21	7. Defendants have included a copy of P.O.S.T.'s 1998 "Crowd management and Civil
22	Disobedience Guidelines" as defendants' Exhibit JJ, and continue to develop this theme. Mr.
23	///
24	
25	

25

26

27

28

5

Apr-21-2005 09:00am From-CONGRESSMAN DAN LUNGREN

+9168599976

T-196 P DO4

Lungren's letter stating the contrary is excluded as hearsay. Therefore, at this late juncture plaintiffs are compelled to immediately subpoena Daniel Lungren to be present as a witness in 2 3 this trial. Respectfully Submitted, 4 DATED: April 20, 2005: 5 W. GORDON KAUPP 6 DENNIS CUNNINGHAM BEN ROSENFELD 7 ROBERT BLOOM WILLIAM SIMPICH 8 J. TONY SERRA 9 Attorneys for Plaintiffs 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

1	BILL LOCKYER		
2	Attorney General of the State of California LOUIS MAURO		
3	Senior Assistant Attorney General CHRISTOPHER E. KRUEGER		
4	······		
5			
6	P.O. Box 944255 Sacramento, CA 94244-2550		
7	Telephone: (916) 445-8226 Fax: (916) 324-5567		
8	Attorneys for Non-Party Witness Congressman DAN LUNGREN		
9		ES DISTRICT COLIDT	
10	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
11	TOTTILITY DIST	NOT OF CALIFORNIA	
12	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	No. C-97-3989-SI	
13	LUNDBERG, et al	DECLARATION OF ERIN	
14	Plaintiffs,	DONNETTIN SUPPORT OF OPPOSITION TO PETITION	
15	v.	Date: April 22, 2004	
16	HUMBOLT COUNTY, et al.	Time: 1:30 p.m. Courtroom No. 10	
17	Defendants.	Hon. Susan Illston, Judge	
18			
19		•	
20			
21	I, ERIN DÖNNETT, declare:		
22	1. I am an employee of Congressman Dan Lungren and work at his office located at		
23	11246 Gold Express Drive, Suite 101, Gold River, California.		
24	2. I was working on April 20, 2005, when an individual entered the office and left a		
25	subpoena directed to Mr. Daniel Lungren at my desk, bearing the case name Lundberg v.		
26	Humbolt County. The subpoena was delivered to me and not Mr. Lungren.		
27	3. No fees of any kind accompanied the subpoena, and none have been received.		
28	I declare under the penalty of perjury of the laws of the State of California that the foregoing		
		7	

1	is true and correct and that, if called upon to testify as a witness thereto, would do so willingly
2	and competently as to my personal knowledge. Executed this day of April, 2005, in
3	Sacramento County, California.
4	
5	
6	ERIN DÖNNETT
7	EKIN DONNETT
8	·
9	
10	DonneπDeclaration.wpd
11	
12	
13	
14	·
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	
	DONNETT DECLARATION C-97-3989